

## AFLATOXIN G2 IN ACETONITRILE

### 1. General information

This document is designed and the certified value(s) and uncertainty(ies) are determined in accordance with ISO Guide 31 [1] and Eurachem / CITAC Guides [2,3].

### 2. Description of the Reference Material (RM)

|                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Name:                                 | Aflatoxin G2 in Acetonitrile   |
| CAS number:                           | 7241-98-7  |
| Catalog number:                       | B-MYC0260-5, B-MYC0260-1, B-MYC0260-2  |
| Lot #:                                | L15391A  |
| Certificate version:                  | 2  |
| Expiry date:                          | 20.02.2017   |
| Starting material 1:                  | Aflatoxin G2, Lot #03410Z,<br>Romer Labs Diagnostic GmbH   |
| Physical description of RM:           | Solution of Aflatoxin G2 in Acetonitrile   |
| Packaging and amount of RM:           | <u>B-MYC0260-5, B-MYC0260-2</u> : Amber glass ampoules fitted with teflon faced butyl septa and PP screw caps, solution of 5 mL and 2 mL.<br><u>B-MYC0260-1</u> : Amber glass ampoules fitted with teflon faced butyl septa and aluminium crimp cap, solution of 1 mL. |
| Name and address of the manufacturer: | Romer Labs Diagnostic GmbH<br>Technopark 1, 3430 Tulln, Austria<br>www.romerlabs.com   |
| Name and address of the supplier:     | LGC Standards GmbH<br>Mercatorstraße 51, 46485 Wesel, Germany<br>Tel +49(0)2 81 98 87 0, Fax +49(0)2 81/98 87 199<br>www.lgcstandards.com  |

#### 2.1 Intended use of the RM

- for laboratory use only
- calibration of analytical instruments

#### 2.2 Instruction for the correct use of the RM

The ampoules should be stored at -20°C in a dark place. Before usage of the RM, the ampoules should be allowed to warm to room temperature. The recommended minimum sub-sample amount for all kinds of application is 100 µL. The expiry date of this RM is based on the current knowledge and holds only for proper storage conditions in the originally closed flasks/packages.

#### 2.3 Hazardous situation

The normal laboratory safety precautions should be observed when working with this RM. Further details for the handling of this RM are available as safety data sheet (SDS).

| Hazardous Ingredients | Concentration in % | Pictograms  | Signal word | Hazard statement(s)          |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---|-------------|------------------------------|
| Acetonitrile          | > 99.9             |  | Danger      | H225, H302, H312, H319, H332 |

### 3. Certified values and their uncertainties

| Aflatoxin G2 in acetonitrile  |                                 |                          |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Compound  | Mass concentration <sup>a</sup> |                          |
|   | Certified value <sup>b</sup>    | Uncertainty <sup>c</sup> |
| Aflatoxin G2  | 0.500 µg/mL                     | ± 0.008 µg/mL            |
| <sup>a</sup> Values are based on preparation data and confirmed experimentally by HPLC-UV<br><sup>b</sup> Mass concentration based on weighed amount, purity and dilution steps<br><sup>c</sup> Expanded uncertainty U (k = 2) of the value u <sub>c</sub> according to GUM [4] |                                 |                          |

#### 3.1 Calculation of uncertainty

The uncertainty of the calibrant solution was calculated on the basis of preparation [5].

| Uncertainty components   | Description   | Standard uncertainty (u)   |                  |
|--|---|--|------------------|
| Purity (P) of solid Aflatoxin G2   | P = 99 ± 1 %  | <b>u (P) = 0.6 %</b>   | a                |
| Weighing procedure<br>weighed sample: m <sub>ws</sub> = 1.263 mg   | U(m) = 0.0000008g + 1.21 * 10 <sup>-5</sup> * m <sub>Toxin</sub><br>u(m) = U(m)/2                           | <b>u (m) = 0.0004 mg</b>   | b                |
| Dilution procedure<br>volumetric flask 1: V <sub>f1</sub> = 250 mL<br>volumetric flask 2: V <sub>f2</sub> = 500 mL<br>one-mark glass pipette: V <sub>p</sub> = 50 mL | calibration flask 1: 250 mL ± 0.15 mL<br>repeatability flask 1: 0.03 mL<br>volume expansion solvent flask 1 | u (cal1) = 0.06 mL<br>u (rep1) = 0.03 mL<br>u (Vol. exp.1) = 0.59 mL<br><b>u (V1) = 0.6 mL</b> | c<br>d<br>e<br>f |
|  | calibration flask 2: 500 mL ± 0.25 mL<br>repeatability flask 2: 0.1 mL<br>volume expansion solvent flask 2  | u (cal2) = 0.1 mL<br>u (rep2) = 0.1 mL<br>u (Vol. exp.2) = 1.2 mL<br><b>u (V2) = 1.2 mL</b>    | g<br>h<br>i<br>j |
|  | calibration pipette: 50 mL ± 0.075 mL<br>volume expansion solvent pipette                                   | u (cal3) = 0.03 mL<br>u (Vol. exp.3) = 0.12 mL<br><b>u (V3) = 0.1 mL</b>                       | k<br>l<br>m      |

<sup>a</sup> Maximum tolerance of purity was divided by  $\sqrt{3}$

<sup>b</sup> Calculation of this u-value is based upon the uncertainty formula for the weighed amount as given in the calibration report from annual balance calibration

<sup>c,g,k</sup> A triangular distribution (division by  $\sqrt{6}$ ) was chosen for the calculation of u (cal)

<sup>d,h</sup> Based on a series of ten fill and weigh experiments on a typical 250 and 500 mL flask; the value was used directly as a standard deviation

<sup>e,l,j</sup> Based on the density of 0.7857 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at temperature T = 20°C and a maximum temperature variation of ± 3°C, of volume expansion, relative volume expansion coefficient of acetonitrile is 1370 \* 10<sup>-6</sup>/°C [6], volume expansion term (rectangular distribution) was divided by  $\sqrt{3}$

<sup>f,i,m</sup> All contributions are combined to give the  $u(V) = \sqrt{u(cal)^2 + u(rep)^2 + u(Vol.exp.)^2}$

#### Calculation of the combined uncertainty u<sub>c</sub> and the expanded standard uncertainty U

$$c_{Toxin} = \frac{10 \times m_{ws} \times P \times V_p}{V_{f1} \times V_{f2}} = \frac{10 \times 1.263 \times 99 \times 50}{250 \times 500} = 0.500 \text{ mg / L}$$

$$\frac{u_c(c_{Toxin})}{c_{Toxin}} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{u(P)}{P}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(m)}{m_{ws}}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(V1)}{V_{f1}}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(V2)}{V_{f2}}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{u(V3)}{V_p}\right]^2} = \sqrt{\left[\frac{0.6}{99}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.0004}{1.263}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.6}{250}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{1.2}{500}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.1}{50}\right]^2} = 0.007$$

$$u_c(c_{Toxin}) = c_{Toxin} \times 0.007 = 0.500 \times 0.007 = 0.004 \text{ mg / L}$$

Calculation of expanded standard uncertainty U using a coverage factor k = 2

$$U(c_{Toxin}) = u_c(c_{Toxin}) \times 2 = 0.004 \times 2 = 0.008 \text{ mg / L} = 0.008 \mu\text{g / mL}$$

## 4. Discussion of traceability

This calibrant is certified on the basis of gravimetric preparation [5]. Thus the certified value (mass concentration of Aflatoxin G2) is based on the weighed amount of the starting material and is therefore traceable to the stated purity of the solid raw material. High purity material represents a practical realization of concentration units, through conversion of mass to molar quantity.

## 5. Confirmation of certified value by HPLC-UV

The certified concentration of Aflatoxin G2 of the gravimetric prepared solution was confirmed by HPLC-UV against an independently prepared reference batch of Aflatoxin G2 calibrant Lot# L15153G.

|                  |   |       |        |                             |
|------------------|---|-------|--------|-----------------------------|
| column           | Phenomenex Luna C18(2), 250 x 3.0 mm, 5 $\mu$ |       |        |                             |
| injection volume | 100 $\mu$ L sample                            |       |        |                             |
| solvent A        | water / acetonitrile / methanol 57/17/26      |       |        |                             |
| oven             | 30°C  |       |        |                             |
| flow rate        | 0.5 mL / min                                  |       |        |                             |
| DAD settings     | 365 nm  |       |        |                             |
| sample dilution  | 1:5 with water                                |       |        |                             |
|                  | time  | area  | height | concentration <sup>a</sup>  |
| Aflatoxin G2     | 8.439   | 1.145 | 5.841  | 0.504 $\pm$ 0.02 $\mu$ g/mL |

<sup>a</sup> Mean of 6 replicate measurements against reference batch, confidence interval with P = 95 %

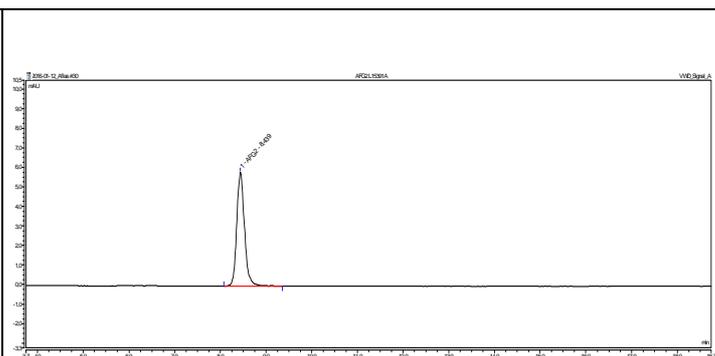


Figure 1: HPLC-UV chromatogram of Aflatoxin G2 calibrant Lot# L15391A

## 6. Further information

The purchaser must determine the suitability of this product for its particular use. LGC Standards GmbH makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, other than its products meet all quality control standards set by LGC Standards GmbH. We do not guarantee that the product can be used for a special application.

approved for release by: Dipl. Chem. Ulrich Berger

date: 12.01.2016

This document has been computer generated and is valid without a signature.

### References:

- [1] ISO Guide 31, 1-7, (2000), "Reference Materials – Contents of Certificates and Labels"
- [2] Eurachem / CITAC Guide, 1-37, (2003), "Traceability in Chemical Measurement"
- [3] Eurachem / CITAC Guide CG-4, 1-133, (QUAM:2012.P1), "Quantifying Uncertainty in Analytical Measurement", 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed
- [4] International Organization for Standardization (ISO), (2008), "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", (GUM 1995 with minor corrections) 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. Geneva, Switzerland
- [5] R.D. Josephs, R. Krska, S. MacDonald, P. Wilson, H. Pettersson, J. AOAC Int. **86**, 50-60, (2003), "Preparation of a Calibrant as Certified Reference Material for Determination of the Fusarium Mycotoxin Zearalenone"
- [6] E.W. Flick, (1998), "Industrial Solvents Handbook", 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Noyes Data Corp. Westwood NJ