

Certified Reference Material - Certificate of Analysis

2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine-¹³C,₃D₃, Primary Standard

(2C-N-¹³C,₃D₃ HCl)

| Cerilliant Quality |
|--------------------|
| ISO GUIDE 34 |
| ISO/IEC 17025 |
| ISO 13485 |
| ISO 15194 |
| ISO 9001 |
| GMP/GLP |

Catalog Number: N-096
Lot: FE08261402
Retest: November 2015
Description: 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine-¹³C,₃D₃ HCl in Methanol

Packaging: Nominal concentration is adjusted for HCl content. Solution in 2 mL amber USP Type I glass ampoule containing not less than 1 mL of certified solution.

Storage: Store unopened in freezer (-10 °C to -25 °C).

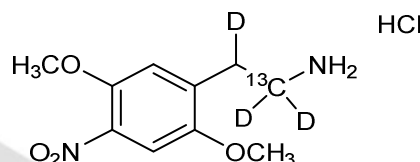
Shipping: Ambient. See Stability Section.

Intended Use: This Certified Reference Material is suitable for the *in vitro* identification, calibration, and quantification of the analyte(s) in analytical and R&D applications. Not suitable for human or animal consumption.

Instructions for Use: Users should quantitatively transfer desired volume using established good laboratory practices to spike into matrix or to dilute to the desired concentration. Each ampoule is intended for one-time use.

Regulatory: USDEA Exempt

Safety: Danger. See Safety Data Sheet



- Retest Date - stability studies ongoing. Certificate of Analysis will be updated upon completion of retest.
- Ampoules are overfilled to ensure a minimum 1 mL volume can be transferred when using a 1 mL Class A volumetric pipette.
- For MS Applications, we advise laboratories not to mix lots during a single sequence.
- For quantitative applications, the minimum sample size for intended use is 1 µL.

| Analyte | Certified Concentration Value |
|--|-------------------------------|
| 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine- ¹³ C, ₃ D ₃ (2C-N- ¹³ C, ₃ D ₃) | 100.0 ± 0.5 µg/mL |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uncertainty of the concentration is expressed as an expanded uncertainty in accordance with ISO 17025 and Guide 34 at the approximate 95% confidence interval using a coverage factor of k = 2 and has been calculated by statistical analysis of our production system and incorporates uncertainty of the mass balance purity factor, material density, balance, and weighing technique. This standard is prepared gravimetrically and mass results are reported on the conventional basis for weighing in air. Nominal concentration is calculated based on: the actual measured mass; Mass Balance Purity Factor of the analyte(s); measured mass of the solution; and the density of the pure diluent at 20 °C. Concentration is corrected for chromatographic purity, residual water, residual solvents and residual inorganics. Nominal concentration is adjusted for HCl content. No adjustment required before use. Additional certification information available upon request. | |

Metrological Traceability

- This standard has been prepared and certified under the ISO Guide 34, ISO/IEC 17025, ISO 9001 and ISO 13485 standards. This standard meets the requirements of a Certified Reference Material and a Primary Standard as defined by ISO and is traceable to the SI and higher order standards through an unbroken chain of comparisons.
- This standard has been gravimetrically prepared using balances that have been fully qualified and calibrated to ISO 17025 requirements. All calibrations utilize NIST traceable weights which are calibrated externally by a qualified ISO 17025 accredited calibration laboratory to NIST standards. Qualification of each balance includes the assignment of a minimum weighing by a qualified and ISO 17025 accredited calibration vendor taking into consideration the balance and installed environmental conditions to ensure compliance with USP tolerances of NMT 0.1% relative uncertainty. Balance calibration adjustments are performed weekly utilizing the balance's internal adjustment mechanism. Calibration verifications are performed pre-use. Weigh tapes from the calibration verification are included in the production batch record for this standard. Production data package available upon request.
- Fill volume is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances.
- Concentration is verified against an independently prepared calibration solution gravimetrically prepared.
- Each raw material utilized has been identified and thoroughly characterized through the use of multiple analytical techniques. Spectral data is provided on subsequent pages of this COA. The density and material Mass Balance Purity Factor is traceable to the SI and higher order reference standards through mass measurement and instrument qualification and calibrations.

Cerilliant certifies that this standard meets the specifications stated in this certificate and warrants this product to meet the stated acceptance criteria through the expiration/retest date when stored unopened as recommended. Product should be used shortly after opening to avoid concentration changes due to evaporation. Warranty does not apply to ampoules stored after opening.




Darron Ellsworth, Quality Assurance Manager

September 19, 2014

Date

Solution Standard Verification

Concentration accuracy and within- and between-bottle homogeneity are analytically verified against an independently prepared calibration solution.

Solution standard verification demonstrates confirmation that the specified requirements for the Primary Standard have been fulfilled and validated under ISO 13485.

| Standard Solution Assay Parameters | | | | Calibration Curve | |
|------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Analysis Method: | UV/Vis | Calibration Curve: | Linear Regression | | |
| Wavelength: | 220 nm | Number of Points: | 4 | | |
| Slit Width: | 1.0 nm | Linearity (r): | 1.000 | | |
| Response: | 0.5 s | | | | |

| Standard Solution | Lot Number | Verified Concentration (µg/mL) | | %RSD - Homogeneity | |
|-------------------|------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | | Actual Results | Acceptance Criteria | Actual Results | Acceptance Criteria |
| New Lot | FE08261402 | 101.2 | ± 3% | 0.3 | ≤ 3% |

| |
|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Concentration is verified through multiple analyses and is calculated as the average of multiple analyses compared to an independently prepared calibration solution. Within-sample and between-sample homogeneity of the New Lot is ensured through rigorous production process controls statistically analyzed to evaluate risk and verified by analysis. Multiple samples pulled from across the lot using a random stratified sampling plan were analyzed to verify homogeneity. % RSD results shown above for the New Lot demonstrate ampoule-to-ampoule homogeneity. |
|---|



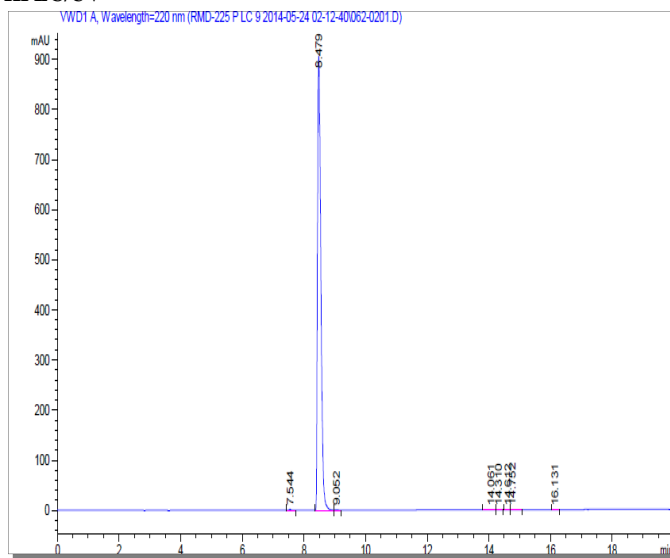
Analyte Certification - Mass Balance Purity Factor

Each analyte is thoroughly identified and characterized using an orthogonal approach. A mass balance purity factor is assigned incorporating chromatographic purity and residual impurities. The mass balance purity factor and salt adjustment are utilized to calculate the weighing adjustment necessary to ensure accuracy of the solution standard concentration.

| Material | Lot Number | CAS Number | Chemical Formula | Molecular Weight (salt) | Molecular Weight (base) | Salt Adjustment |
|---|------------|----------------------|---|--|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 2C-N- ¹³ C, ₃ D ₃ HCl | FC11201304 | NA | C ₉ ¹³ CH ₁₁ D ₃ N ₂ O ₄ •HCl | 266.70 | 230.24 | 1.158 |
| Material Characterization Summary | | | | | | |
| Analytical Test | | Method | | Results | | |
| Primary Chromatographic Purity by HPLC/UV Analysis | | SP10-0102 | | 99.7% | | |
| Secondary Chromatographic Purity by GC/FID Analysis | | SP10-0101 | | 99.6% | | |
| Identity by LC/MS Analysis | | SP10-0107 | | Consistent with Structure | | |
| Isotopic Purity by LC/MS SIM or High Resolution MS ¹ | | SP10-0107 | | 0.00% M ₀ vs M ₄ | | |
| | | | | 0.00% M ₀ | 5.67% M ₃ | |
| | | | | 0.01% M ₁ | 92.89% M ₄ | |
| | | | | 0.07% M ₂ | 1.37% M ₅ | |
| Identity by ¹ H-NMR Analysis | | USP <761>, SP10-0116 | | Consistent with Structure | | |
| Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace | | AM1087 ² | | None Detected | | |
| Residual Water Analysis by Karl Fischer Coulometry | | AM1346 ² | | 1.64% | | |
| Inorganic Content by Microash Analysis | | SP10-0135 | | < 0.2% | | |
| Mass Balance Purity Factor | | | | 98.08% | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ The primary chromatographic purity is calculated as the average of two independently performed analyses utilizing two different methods. Acceptance criteria requires the purity values to be within 0.5% of each other. ♦ The primary chromatographic purity value is used to calculate the Mass Balance Purity Factor. ♦ A secondary chromatographic purity method is utilized as a control. ♦ Mass Balance Purity Factor = [(100 - wt% residual solvent - wt% residual water - wt% residual inorganics) x Chromatographic Purity/100]. ♦ Mass Balance Purity Factor does not include adjustment for chiral and/or isotopic purity. <p>¹ Isotopic distribution values are adjusted for the natural abundance of isotopes (M+1 is adjusted 10.76%; M+2 is adjusted 1.35%)</p> <p>² Validated analytical method</p> | | | | | | |

Spectral and Physical Data

HPLC/UV



Column: Prodigy ODS 3 μ m, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile Phase: A:: Acetonitrile
 B:: 0.1% Phosphoric Acid in Water
Gradient:

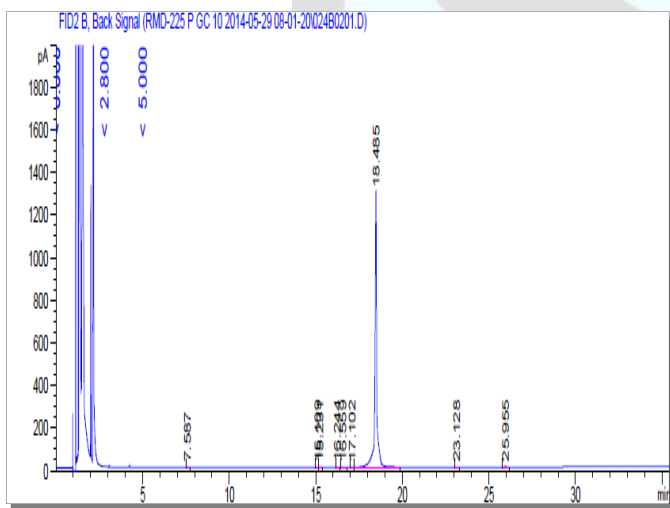
| Time | A | B |
|------|----|----|
| 0.0 | 10 | 90 |
| 18.0 | 60 | 40 |
| 18.1 | 10 | 90 |
| 25.0 | 10 | 90 |

Flow Rate: 1.0 mL/min
Wavelength: 220 nm

Data File Name: RMD-225 P LC 9 2014-05-24 02-12-40\062-0201.D
Instrument: LC#9
Sample Name: FC11201304
Acquired: May 24, 2014

| Peak # | Ret Time | Area | Height | Area % |
|--------|----------|---------|--------|--------|
| 1 | 7.54 | 8.66 | 1.62 | 0.13 |
| 2 | 8.48 | 6891.21 | 907.31 | 99.71 |
| 3 | 9.05 | 4.95 | 0.90 | 0.07 |
| 4 | 14.06 | 1.34 | 0.18 | 0.02 |
| 5 | 14.31 | 0.92 | 0.17 | 0.01 |
| 6 | 14.61 | 1.13 | 0.17 | 0.02 |
| 7 | 14.75 | 2.15 | 0.28 | 0.03 |
| 8 | 16.13 | 0.68 | 0.12 | 0.01 |

GC/FID



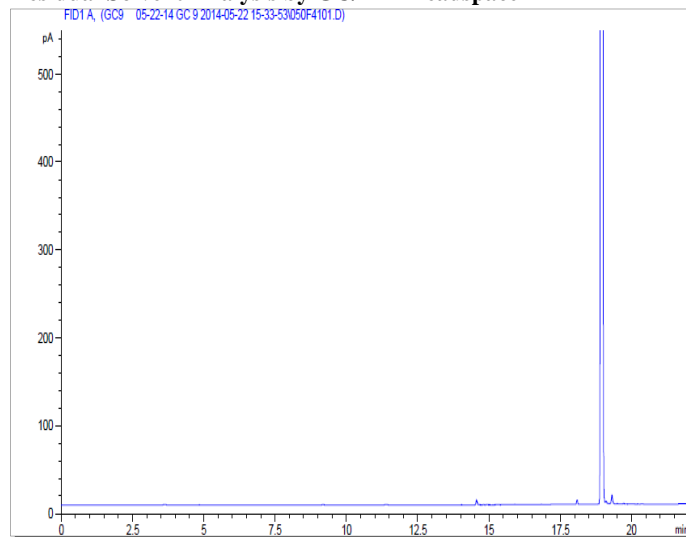
Column: DB-35ms, 30 m x 0.53 mm ID, 1.0 μ m film thickness
Temp Program: 40°C to 140°C at 40°C/min,
 140°C to 280°C at 5°C/min, hold 5 min
Injector Temp: Cool-on-Column
Detector Temp: 325°C

Data File Name: RMD-225 P GC 10 2014-05-29 08-01-20\024B0201.D
Instrument: GC#10
Sample Name: FC11201304
Acquired: May 29, 2014

| Peak # | Ret Time | Area | Height | Area % |
|--------|----------|---------|---------|--------|
| 1 | 7.59 | 2.26 | 0.26 | 0.02 |
| 2 | 15.11 | 2.31 | 0.40 | 0.02 |
| 3 | 15.23 | 2.38 | 0.27 | 0.02 |
| 4 | 16.24 | 4.26 | 0.98 | 0.04 |
| 5 | 16.56 | 4.23 | 0.59 | 0.04 |
| 6 | 17.10 | 7.40 | 1.35 | 0.07 |
| 7 | 18.49 | 9848.98 | 1288.57 | 99.58 |
| 8 | 23.13 | 2.58 | 0.32 | 0.03 |
| 9 | 25.96 | 15.83 | 2.48 | 0.16 |

Spectral and Physical Data (cont.)

Residual Solvent Analysis by GC/FID Headspace



Column: DB-ALC1 30 m x 0.53 mm, 3 µm film thickness
Temp Program: 40°C (12 min) to 220°C at 40°C/min (5.5 min)
Carrier Gas: Helium
Flow Rate: 2.0 mL/min
Detector Heater Temp: 250°C
Injector: Headspace Sampler
HS Oven Temp: 60°C
Vial Equilibration: 10 minutes

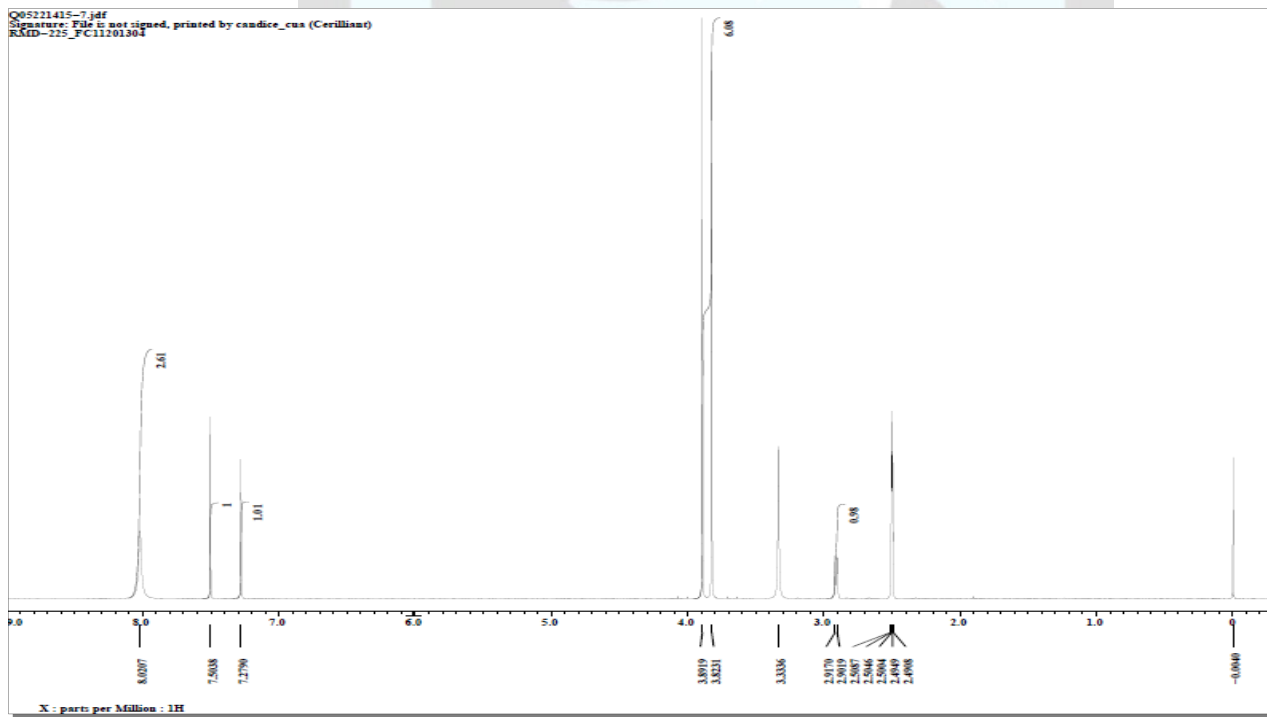
Data File Name: GC 9 2014-05-22 15-33-53\050F4101.D
Instrument: GC#9
Sample Name: FC11201304
Acquired: May 23, 2014

| Peak | Compound | Area | Weight % |
|--------------|----------|------|-----------|
| 1 | NMP | NA | NA |
| Total | | | ND |

ND - None Detected

¹H NMR

Instrument: JEOL ECS 400
Solvent: DMSO-D₆



Spectral and Physical Data (cont.)

LC/MS

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 μ m, 3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile Phase: A:: 0.1% Formic Acid in Water

B:: Acetonitrile

| Gradient: | Time | A | B |
|-----------|------|----|----|
| | 0.0 | 90 | 10 |
| | 0.5 | 90 | 10 |
| | 4.0 | 50 | 50 |
| | 5.8 | 50 | 50 |
| | 6.0 | 90 | 10 |
| | 8.0 | 90 | 10 |

Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min

Scan Range: 100-1200 amu

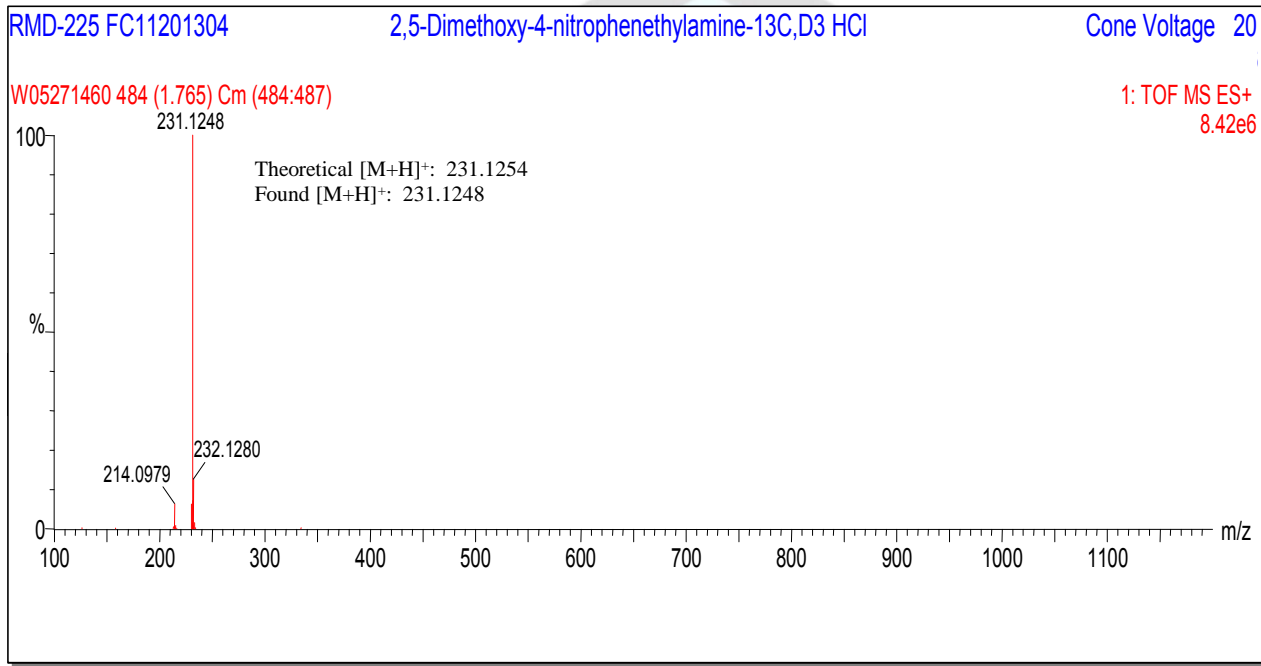
Ionization: Electrospray, Positive Ion

Data File Name: W05271460

Instrument: Waters XEVO G2 QTOF

Sample Name: FC11201304

Acquired: May 27, 2014



Spectral and Physical Data (cont.)

Isotopic Purity by LC/MS

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 2.7 µm, 3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile Phase: A:: 0.1% Formic Acid in Water

B:: Acetonitrile

| Gradient: | Time | A | B |
|-----------|------|----|----|
| | 0.0 | 90 | 10 |
| | 0.5 | 90 | 10 |
| | 4.0 | 50 | 50 |
| | 5.8 | 50 | 50 |
| | 6.0 | 90 | 10 |
| | 8.0 | 90 | 10 |

Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min

Scan Range: 227-232 amu

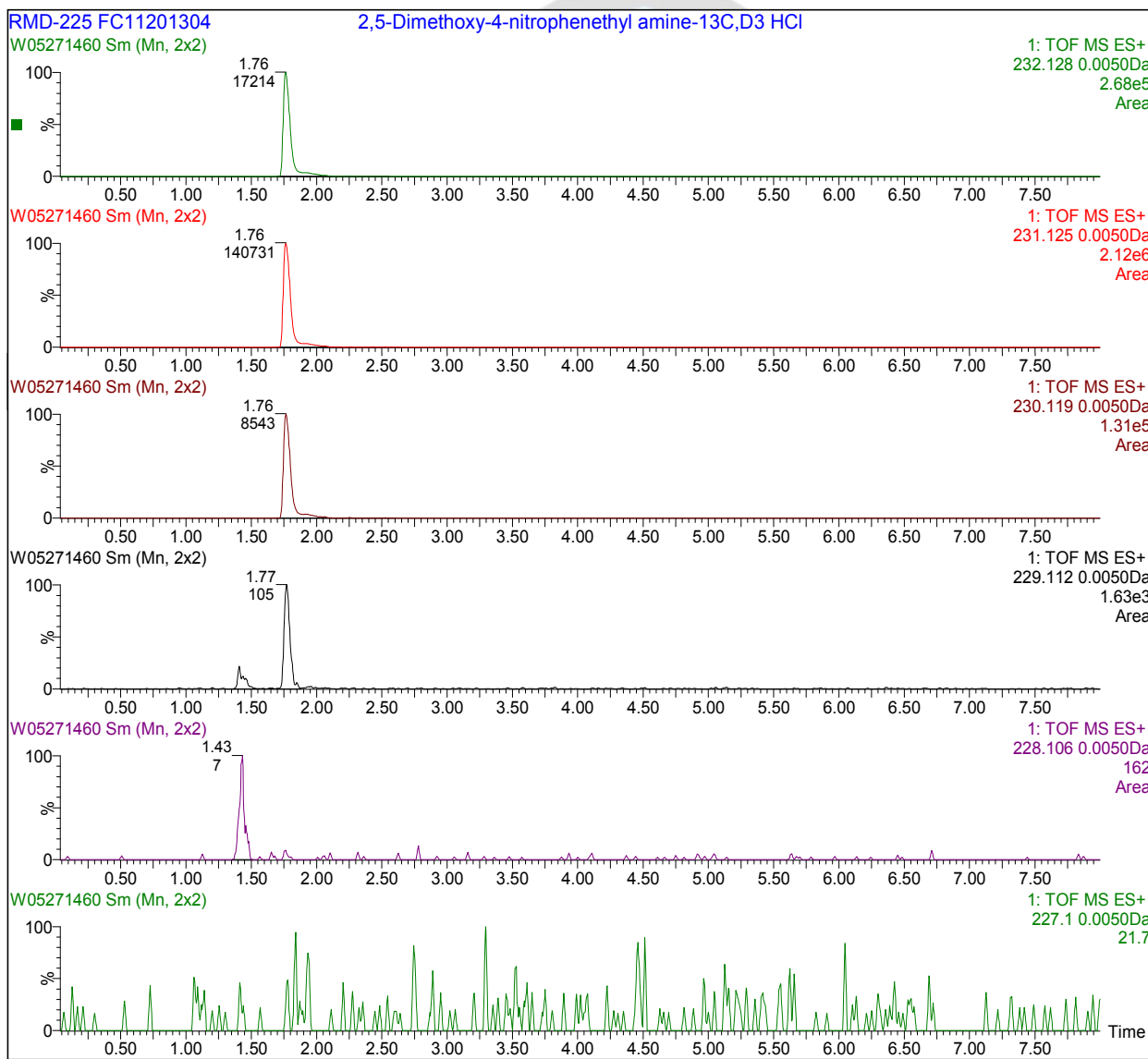
Ionization: Electrospray, Positive Ion

Data File Name: W05271460

Instrument: Waters XEVO G2 QTOF

Sample Name: FC11201304

Acquired: May 27, 2014



Stability

Short term stability studies have been performed under accelerated conditions for periods up to four weeks. Short term data is utilized to predict long term stability and to support transport conditions and normal laboratory use. Real-time stability studies are performed at the recommended storage conditions over the life of the product.

Short Term Stability : A summary of accelerated stability findings for a related product (N-086, 2C-N HCl) is listed below.

| Storage Condition | Mean Kinetic Temperature (MKT) | Time Period/Result |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Freezer | -15°C | No decrease in purity was noted after four weeks. |
| Refrigerator | 4°C | |
| Room Temperature | 21°C | |
| 40°C | 40°C | |

Transport/Shipping : Stability data supports transport of this product at ambient conditions.

Short Term Storage: Stability data supports short term storage up to 3 months at Refrigerate conditions.

COA Revision History

| Revision No. | Date | Reason for Revision |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 00 | September 18, 2014 | Initial version |
| | | |
| | | |